The identification of gaps in secondary evidence on health promotion addressed to elderly persons

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Background
• Ageing population – challenge for modern public health

Methodology
• Secondary sources
• Analysis focused on area, effectiveness and quality of interventions

Aim
• To identify potential gaps in secondary evidence of health promotion strategies addressed to elderly (65+)

Results
• n=334 (50+) / n=66 (65+)

Graph 1. Frequencies – according to area of intervention

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HP</th>
<th>HP, PP</th>
<th>HP, SS</th>
<th>HP, PP, SC</th>
<th>HP, PP, SS</th>
<th>HP, PP, SC, SS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Graph 2. Areas of intervention – according to age categories

Conclusions
• Potential gaps: addictions, sleep quality, psychosocial functioning, abuse, social isolation and participation